

Supports for Cradleboards

Ford Conservation Center

Acknowledgements



Storage conditions have long been recognized by museum professionals as important factors in the long-term survival of artifacts. Although all materials deteriorate over time, stable environment, controlled lighting, careful handling, and the use of appropriate housing materials are strategies developed to slow the rate of degradation.

The housings found within this packet were developed by Jessica Waite and Tina Koeppe with assistance from the staff of the Ford Conservation Center, a division of

History Nebraska as part of a larger project, funded in part with a Save America's Treasures grant, to improve the storage conditions for the History Nebraska Native American collection.

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The collection of more than 3000 Native American objects was at risk due to inadequate storage space that caused ongoing damage to objects; space constraints that made safe access to artifacts nearly impossible; and toxic pesticide contamination. Staff members developed a project to remove or reduce these threats by increasing storage space and accessibility through the addition of safe, high-density compactor storage units; testing for harmful residues; cleaning and conserving each artifact; and rehousing each artifact in a protective archival housing. At the same time, each artifact was cataloged, photographed, and entered in to the collections management database. This greatly improved access to information and artifact images for staff, researchers, and the public.

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Internal Support for Cradleboard Covers

Cradleboard covers require two types of support systems, internal and external. The following plans for an internal padded threedimensional support was adapted from Nancy Iona "Padded Doll Supports for Cradleboard" http:// stashc.com/the-publication/ supports/malleable/paddedsupport-for-cradleboards/ and the National Park Service Conserve O Gram "Internal Supports for Buckskin Clothing Storage", September 2011, Number 5/3, <u>https://</u> www.nps.gov/museum/ publications/conserveogram/05-03.pdf?pdf=5-3.

The support helps maintain the shape of a cradleboard and prevent creases. The support is made from soft-structured Tyvek and is shaped like a baby with a head and body. The head and body sections are assembled separately and then joined. Each cradleboard is measured carefully to produce a customfit support.



Directions

- Using a flexible ruler, determine the interior dimensions of the cradleboard cover (circumference, diameter, length). Determine the length of the body portion of the support and the separate head portion of the support as shown in Fig. 1.
- 2) Using the compass, draw a cir-

cle to match the diameter of the cradleboard cover. Add half an inch around for a seam allowance. This will be the bottom of the body portion of the support.(Fig. 3)

 Cut a rectangle for the body that is the length of the cradleboard cover by the circumference, adding a half-inch seam

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allowance. (Fig. 2)

- 4) Fold the rectangle in half length-wise with slick sides togetherand pin along the long seam.
- 5) Sew along the long seam. You now have a hollow tube.
- Pin the tube to the circular base putting slick sides together.
 Sew around the seams and then turn right-side out.
- Fill the tube with polyester batting until firm.
- 8) Draw two circles of Tyvek using the length of the head area plus half an inch for seam allowance as the circumference, similar to Fig. 3, but using the head length measurement for the diameter.
- 9) Pin slick sides of the Tyvek together and sew, leaving space unsewn at the bottom for stuffing and attaching to the body.
- 10) Turn Tyvek right side out and fill with polyester batting until firm.
- Pin and hand stitch the opening of head portion to the body portion. If needed, leave a space open, and add more stuffing the neck before hand stitching shut.
- 12) Gently place the form inside the cradleboard cover and secure



with cotton twill tape.

- 13) Measure the length and height of the decorative portion of the head cover of the cradleboard cover.
- 14) Cut a piece of pH neutral blueboard to the length and height of the head cover.
- 15) Bend carefully and insert around the internal head support to provide structural support to the head cover.



Fig. 3

External Support for Cradleboard Covers

Cradleboard covers need an external support system along with the internal support. This external support system provides support for the rounded shape of cradleboard cover.

The cradleboard cover mount is formed from three to five pieces of blueboard carved to the shave of

Directions

- Determine the dimensions of the cradleboard cover (length, width, height). Determine the size box needed to house the cradleboard cover.
- 2) Draw the mount support according to the diagram on a piece of blueboard. When

the cradleboard cover. Areas that are in contact with the cradleboard cover are protected with a softer, thin closed-cell or crosslinked polyethylene foam sheeting to avoid abrasion. The mounts are secured to a standardized or custom-made box.

drawing the mount, use solid and dashed lines as illustrated in Fig. 1.

- Use the width of the box to determine the width of the mount.
 The height of the mount should be 1/2 the height of the box.
- 4) Measure the full width of the

cradleboard cover and 1/3 the height of the cradleboard cover to determine the measurements for the cross-section.

- 5) Use the flexible ruler to determine the shape of the bottom of the cradleboard cover. (see Fig. 2)
- 6) Cut out the tray and cross section with a sharp utility knife. Change the blade often. Cut along solid lines only.
- 7) Score the dashed lines using the 14) If the cradleboard cover has a utility knife or bone folder and straight edge. Be careful not to cut through the underside of the blueboard.
- 8) Score the two center lines on the underside of the blueboard to fold it in half.
- 9) Fold the blueboard along the scored lines. Be careful and work the blueboard gently to avoid splitting the board.
- 10) Make sure the cradleboard cover fits adequately into the mount. Pare away the blueboard with a utility knife or file so that the fit is close enough to prevent rolling or pitching of the object during transport
- 11) The cut surface of the blueboard

can be rough. To avoid abrasion, line the curved area with cut pieces of Volara.

- 12) Determine the number of mounts needed based on the length of the cradleboard cover. Space the mounts equally down the box.
- 13) Using the hot glue gun on high setting, adhere the side and bottom flaps to the sides and bottom of the box.
 - beaded tab with fringe, measure



Materials Needed:

- Flexible ruler
- Soft-Structure Tyvek
- Compass
- Polyester batting
- Scissors
- Sewing machine
- Thread and needle
- pH neutral blueboard, 1/4in
- metal straight edge
- Utility knife

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the length and width of the tab. Cut out a piece of polyethylene sheeting and cover it with softstructure Tyvek using the tab's dimensions. (see Fig. 3)

- 15) Adhere the covered polyethylene pad to the bottom of the box underneath the tab.
- 16) Cut three to four long strips of soft-structure Tyvek to be used as slings for lifting the cradleboard cover from the mount.



flexible ruler

width of the cradleboard cover w 1/3 height of the cradleboard cover

Fig. 2



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Consulting a Conservator

If you have any concerns about the care of your object, consult a conservator in your area for further guidance. A conservator will be able to assess all the issues relating to its condition and long-term care. Conservators can also provide structural repairs, aesthetic compensation, and protective coatings for a range of materials.

Additional Resources and References

Minnesota State Historical Society, http://www.mnhs.org/preserve/conservation/index/html

- National Park Service, Conserv-O-Grams, <u>http://www.nps.org/museum/publications/conservation/</u> <u>cons_toc.html</u>
- Odegaard, Nancy and Alyce Sodongei, eds. Old Poisons New Problems⁸Information and Resource Guide for Contaminated Cultural Materials in Museum Collections– Altamira Press[₉₇₇2–
- Odegaard, N., S. Carroll, and W. Zimmet. *Material Characterization Tests for Objects of Art and Archaeology.* London}Archetype Publications[9777
- Ogden, Sherelyn, ed. Caring for American Indian Objects⁷A Practical and Cultural Guide. St. Paul, MN: Minnesote Historical Society Press, 2004.
- Rose, C.L. and de Torres, A.R., editors. *Storage of Natural History Collections⁷Ideas and Practical Solutions*³ Society for the Preservaiton of Natural History, 1992 (reprint 2002)

Conservation Suppliers

Conservation Resources International

5532 Port Royal Road Springfield, VA 22151 Toll free: (800) 634-6932 <u>www.conservationresources.com</u> *Archival housing/storage supplies, photographic supplies, general*

Gaylord Archival

P. O. Box 4901 Syracuse, NY 13221-4901 Toll Free: (800) 448-6160 <u>www.gaylord.com</u> *General conservation supplies, housing supplies*

Hollinger Metal Edge, Inc.

6340 Bandini Blvd Commerce, CA 90040 Toll Free: (800)-862-2228 www.hollingermetaledge.com Archival housing/storage supplies



Light Impressions 100 Carlson Road Rochester, NY 14610 Toll Free: (800) 975-6429 www.lightimpressionsdirect.com Photographic supplies, housing, matting and framing supplies

University Products

517 Main Street P. O. Box 101 Holyoke, MA 01041 Toll Free: (800) 628-1912 www.universityproducts.com General conservation supplies, housing and matting supplies

Talas

330 Morgan Ave Brooklyn, NY 11211 Telephone: (212) 219-0770 www.talasonline.com Conservation supplies, photographic supplies, general



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